

Draft Genome Sequence of “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” NCTC 14934^T, a New Species in the Genus *Cronobacter*

Naqash Masood,^a Emily Jackson,^a Karen Moore,^b Audrey Farbos,^b Konrad Paszkiewicz,^b Ben Dickins,^a Alan McNally,^a Stephen Forsythe^a

Pathogen Research Group, School of Science and Technology, Nottingham Trent University, Nottingham, United Kingdom^a; Wellcome Trust Biomedical Informatics Hub, Biosciences, University of Exeter, Exeter, United Kingdom^b

Members of the *Cronobacter* genus are associated with serious infections in neonates. This is the first report of the draft genome sequence for the newly proposed species *Cronobacter colletis*.

Received 30 May 2014 Accepted 6 June 2014 Published 19 June 2014

Citation Masood N, Jackson E, Moore K, Farbos A, Paszkiewicz K, Dickins B, McNally A, Forsythe S. 2014. Draft genome sequence of “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” NCTC 14934^T, a new species in the genus *Cronobacter*. *Genome Announc.* 2(3):e00585-14. doi:10.1128/genomeA.00585-14.

Copyright © 2014 Masood et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported license](http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/).

Address correspondence to Stephen Forsythe, stephen.forsythe@ntu.ac.uk.

Due to the association of *Cronobacter* with fatal neonatal infections, there is an international requirement for powdered infant formula to be microbiologically tested for all members of the *Cronobacter* genus (1). “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” is a previously undescribed species closely related to *Cronobacter zurichensis*. Therefore, genome sequencing and public access of this newly described species are warranted for a better understanding of the diversity of the genus and improved detection methodology. This was undertaken using the type strain “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” NCTC 14934.

Bacterial DNA was extracted from 1-day cultures using a GenElute bacterial genome kit (Sigma-Aldrich) and sequenced using an Illumina HiSeq 2500 sequencing platform. A total of 1,501,270 high-quality paired-end reads were generated, with 16-fold coverage. *De novo* assembly was performed using Velvet (version 1.1.09) (2). The genome was distributed in 42 contigs, with a total size of 4,261,112 bp and a G+C content of 57.07%.

A phylogenetic tree based on seven housekeeping genes (3,036 bp concatenated length) from *Cronobacter* BIGSdb (<http://www.pubMLST.org/cronobacter>; <http://dx.doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.1032771>) suggests that “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” is a member of the *Cronobacter* genus, with a near match to *C. zurichensis*. A comparison of the “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” genome with the genome sequence available for *C. zurichensis* LMG 23730^T (3) revealed an average nucleotide identity (ANI) of 87.18%. A formal description of “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” is currently in progress.

For further annotation, we used the SEED-based automated annotation system provided by the RAST server (4), which iden-

tified 3,967 coding sequences (CDSs) and 109 RNAs. The CDSs included those for copper homeostasis, iron acquisition, multi-drug efflux pumps, arsenic, cobalt, zinc, and cadmium resistance, stress response associated with cold shock, osmotic and oxidative stress, and several phage-associated traits.

Nucleotide sequence accession number. The genome sequence of “*Candidatus Cronobacter colletis*” NCTC 14934^T has been deposited in GenBank under the accession no. [JMSQ00000000](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/JMSQ00000000).

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We thank Nottingham Trent University for their financial support of N.M.

REFERENCES

1. Holý O, Forsythe S. 2014. *Cronobacter* spp. as emerging causes of health care-associated infection. *J. Hosp. Infect.* 86:169–177. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jhin.2013.09.011>.
2. Zerbino DR, Birney E. 2008. Velvet: algorithms for *de novo* short read assembly using de Bruijn graphs. *Genome Res.* 18:821–829. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1101/gr.074492.107>.
3. Masood N, Moore K, Farbos A, Hariri S, Paszkiewicz K, Dickins B, McNally A, Forsythe S. 2013. Draft genome sequences of three newly identified species in the genus *Cronobacter*, *C. helveticus* LMG23732^T, *C. pulveris* LMG24059, and *C. zurichensis* LMG23730^T. *Genome Announc.* 1(5):e00783-13. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00783-13>.
4. Aziz RK, Bartels D, Best AA, DeJongh M, Disz T, Edwards RA, Formsma K, Gerdes S, Glass EM, Kubal M, Meyer F, Olsen GJ, Olson R, Osterman AL, Overbeek RA, McNeil LK, Paarmann D, Paczian T, Parrello B, Pusch GD, Reich C, Stevens R, Vassieva O, Vonstein V, Wilke A, Zagnitko O. 2008. The RAST server: Rapid Annotations using Subsystems Technology. *BMC Genomics* 9:75. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1186/1471-2164-9-75>.